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upon blanks provided by the board of health to the common council of the city of Saginaw for a license for that purpose, and in such application he shall state the number or location of the place where he proposes to conduct such business, the names of the person or persons from whom he proposes to obtain milk or cream, their location, the number of cows in such herds, the average quantity of milk which he expects to obtain from each herd, and such written application shall also contain an agreement on the part of such applicant that he will accept a license, if granted to him, upon the condition that it may be revoked at the will of the common council; and such applicant shall before receiving his license pay to the city treasurer the sum of \$1 as an annual license fee, and take therefor the treasurer's receipt, which receipt he shall deliver to the city clerk with the application for the license. Such license, if issued, shall state the number or the location of the applicant's place of business, shall not be transferable, and shall not extend beyond the 30th day of April next after the date of issue of the same."

"SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the board of health and the inspector of foods and measures to ascertain that the cows from which the applicant proposes to obtain milk for sale or distribution are free from tuberculosis and other infection or contagious diseases. No cow shall be considered free from tuberculosis except after showing no response to the tuberculin test as applied by a duly licensed veterinary. The cows from which the applicant proposes to obtain milk for sale and distribution shall be examined by a licensed veterinary before the common council shall grant the application for a license, and an examination of each of the cows in the herd from which milk is obtained for sale and distribution shall be made at least once a year hereafter, and each animal tagged in a manner to afford a permanent record of the examination, and no license shall be granted to any applicant until the cows from which he proposes to obtain milk for sale or distribution are shown to be free from tuberculosis and other infection and contagious diseases.

"No milk or cream shall be sold or offered for sale within the corporate limits of the city of Saginaw from any cow added to a herd until such cow has been examined by a licensed veterinary and upon such examination found free from tuberculosis and other infection or contagious disease, and such examination shall have taken place within 6 months from the time it is proposed to add said cow to the herd from which any milk dealer or vendor obtains milk sold or offered for sale within the corporate limits of the city of Saginaw: *Provided*, The same is made free of charge to the owners of the cows to be tested by Federal, State, or other authorities. The assistant inspector of foods and measures, being a licensed veterinary surgeon, shall make such tests free of charge to the owners of the cows."

"SEC. 9. No milk or cream shall be offered for sale in the city of Saginaw which (a) contains any preservatives whatever; (b) has had any part of the cream removed; (c) has had any water or foreign substance added; (d) has not been maintained at a temperature of 50° F. or less since one hour after time of milking; (e) has (if milk) less than 3 per cent butter fat; (f) has (if cream) less than 16 per cent fat; (g) contains more than 100,000 bacteria to the cubic centimeter."

"SEC. 11. The board of health shall devise the method of cleaning and sterilizing of all bottles and see that the same is carried into effect by the properly designated official. Milk or cream can be distributed in bottles or from cans as consumer directs: *Provided*, If in bottles, said bottles shall be filled only at dairies and such other places as have been approved by the board of health."

ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Privies and Cesspools—Prohibited Within Sanitary District. (Ord. 1426, Aug. 26, 1912.)

SECTION 1. A sanitary district for the purposes in this ordinance hereinafter provided is created and established within the following boundaries, that is to say: Commencing at the intersection of Main and Jule Streets, thence east along the center of

Jule Street to the intersection of Jule and Twelfth Streets, thence south along the center of Twelfth Street to its intersection with Lafayette Street, thence west along the center of Lafayette Street to the Missouri River bank, thence north with the river bank to the center of Main Street, thence north along the center of Main Street to the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person hereafter to build, make, maintain, dig, use, or permit to be used any privy vault or cesspool upon any land fronting, abutting upon, or adjacent to any street or alley in and along which a city sewer has been constructed, and where city water can be used, within the boundaries fixed by section 1 of this ordinance, and no person shall make or use or cause to made or permit to be used or maintain any privy within said district and under said conditions unless the same is what is commonly known as an inside water-closet and connected with the city sewers and furnished with water for flushing and clearing the same.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of all owners or occupiers of property within the limits and conditions prescribed in section 1 of this ordinance, or their agents, within 60 days after the passage and approval of this ordinance, to remove from their premises the contents of all privy vaults and to abandon the use of such privy vaults, all to be done under the supervision of the board of health.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the sanitary inspectors to see that the provisions of this ordinance are enforced.

SEC. 5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, or failing to comply with any of the provisions thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$200.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Berries, etc.—Refilling of Boxes or Other Containers Prohibited. (Ord. Aug. 28, 1912.)

SECTION 1. It shall be, and is hereby, declared to be unlawful for any person, persons, firm, or corporation within the corporate limits of the city of St. Paul to repack or refill with strawberries, raspberries, blueberries, currants, or with any other fragile fruit for purposes of sale any boxes, cartons, or other containers in which such berries or other fragile fruit have previously been put up, kept, or contained, unless such boxes, packages, cartons, or containers are thoroughly cleansed and made wholesome and sanitary.

SEC. 2. It shall be, and is hereby, declared to be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation within the corporate limits of the city of St. Paul to refill or repack with any of the aforesaid berries or other fragile fruit for purposes of sale any boxes, cartons, packages, or other containers which have been previously used for holding fruit and which are afterwards allowed to lie around in the streets, sidewalks, alleys, or other places exposed to dust, dirt, or the elements.

SEC. 3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined in a sum of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100, or by imprisonment for a period of not more than 90 days for each and every offense.

Public Baths—Regulations Governing Use of. (Ord. June 20, 1912.)

That section 4 of ordinance No. 2066, entitled "An ordinance establishing public baths in the city of St. Paul, and providing for the regulation and maintenance thereof," be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. *Contagious diseased persons prohibited.*—No person shall be permitted to use the baths who is afflicted with any contagious or loathsome disease, nor shall any person be permitted to use loud, abusive, indecent, or profane language in, at, or near the baths. No person while bathing at the public baths in said city shall swim or go beyond such limits as may be prescribed by the health department of said city. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$25."